

שיטת אנליזה מתמטית – תרגיל מס' 8

א. פתר את בעיות ההתחלה בעזרת טראנספורם לפולס:

$$y'' - y' - 6y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1 \quad .1$$

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0 \quad .2$$

$$y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1 \quad .3$$

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1 \quad .4$$

$$y'' - 2y' - 2y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0 \quad .5$$

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -1 \quad .6$$

$$y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 6y'' - 4y' + y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = 1 \quad .7$$

$$y^{(4)} - 4y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = -2, y'''(0) = 0 \quad .8$$

ב. פתר את המשוואות הבאות

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 2(t-3)H(t-3), y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1 \quad .1$$

$$y'' + y = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t < \frac{\pi}{2}, \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq t < \infty \end{cases}, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1 \quad .1\alpha$$

$$y'' + 4y = \sin t - H(t-\pi) \sin t, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 \quad .2$$

$$y'' + 4y = g(t-H(t-2\pi)) \sin(t-2\pi), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 \quad .3$$

$$y'' + y = \begin{cases} t, & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1, & 1 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1 \quad .4$$

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = H(t-2), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1 \quad .5$$

$$y'' + y' + \frac{5}{4}y = \begin{cases} \sin t, & 0 \leq t < \pi \\ 0, & \pi \leq t \end{cases}, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 \quad .6$$

$$y'' + 2y' + 3y = \sin t + \delta(t-\pi), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1 \quad .8$$

$$y'' + \omega^2 y = \delta\left(t - \frac{\pi}{\omega}\right), y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0 \quad .9$$

$$y'' + 4y = 2\delta\left(t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 \quad .10$$

$$y'' + 4y = 4\delta\left(t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 \quad .11$$

ג. חשב את הקונבולוציות של זוגות הפונקציות הבאות:

$$a^a, e^{bt} \quad (a \neq b) \quad .1$$

$$\cos at, \cos bt \quad (a \neq b) \quad .2$$

$$\sin at, \cos bt \quad (a \neq b) \quad .3$$

$$t, \sin t \quad .4$$

שיטות באנליזה מתמטית (תרגיל מספר 8 – תשובה):

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$$y(t) = \frac{1}{5} (e^{3t} + 4e^{-2t}) \quad .1$$

$$y(t) = 2e^{-t} - e^{-2t} \quad .2$$

$$y(t) = e^t \sin t \quad .3$$

$$y(t) = e^{2t} - te^{2t} \quad .4$$

$$y(t) = 2e^t \cosh(\sqrt{3}t) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} e^t \sinh(\sqrt{3}t) \quad .5$$

$$y(t) = 2e^{-t} \cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} \sin 2t \quad .6$$

$$y(t) = te^t - t^2 e^t + \frac{2}{3} t^3 e^t \quad .7$$

$$y(t) = \cos \sqrt{2}t \quad .8$$

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$$y(t) = (2+3t)e^{-t} + H(t-3)[2(t-5) + 2(t-1)e^{-(t-3)}] \quad .1$$

$$y(t) = 1 - \cos t + \sin t - H\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(1 - \sin t) \quad .1\alpha$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{6}(2 \sin t - \sin 2t) - \frac{1}{6} H(t-\pi)(2 \sin t - \sin 2t) \quad .2$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{6} [1 - H(t-2\pi)] (2 \sin t - \sin 2t) \quad .3$$

$$y(t) = t - H(t-1)[t-1 - \sin(t-1)] \quad .4$$

$$y(t) = H(t-2)h(t-2) + e^{-t} - e^{-2t}; \quad h(t) = \frac{1}{2} - e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \quad .5$$

$$y(t) = h(t) + H(t-\pi)h(t-\pi); \quad h(t) = \frac{4}{17} \left[-4 \cos t + \sin t + 4e^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cos t + e^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sin t \right] \quad .6$$

$$y(t) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} e^{-t} \sin \sqrt{2}t + \frac{1}{4} e^{-t} \cos \sqrt{2}t + \frac{1}{4} (\sin t - \cos t) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} H(t-\pi) e^{-(t-\pi)} \sin \sqrt{2}(t-\pi) \quad .8$$

$$y(t) = \cos \omega t - \frac{1}{\omega} H\left(t - \frac{\pi}{\omega}\right) \sin \omega t \quad .9$$

$$y(t) = H\left(t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \sin 2\left(t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad .10$$

$$y(t) = H\left(t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin 2\left(t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \quad .11$$

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$$\frac{1}{b-a} (e^{bt} - a^{at}) .1$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} (a \sin at - b \sin bt) .2$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} (a \sin bt - b \sin at) .3$$

$$t - \sin t .4$$