



Ben Gurion University - Mathematics
Algebraic Geometry and Number Theory Seminar

Speaker **Ilan Hirshberg (BGU)**
Title **The UCT problem in KK-theory: a survey**
Date Wednesday, 17 May 2017
Time 15:10 – 16:30 (starts 15:10 sharp)
Location Room -101 in Building 58

KK-theory, introduced by Kasparov, is a bifunctor which associates to each pair of separable C^* -algebras A, B an abelian group $KK(A, B)$. This generalizes both K-theory and K-homology. The Rosenberg-Schochet Universal Coefficients Theorem states that for C^* -algebras in a certain so-called bootstrap class, there is an exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z}}^1(K_*(A), K_*(B)) \rightarrow KK(A, B) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(K_*(A), K_*(B)) \rightarrow 0$$

Abstract It is a major open problem to determine whether this class contains all amenable C^* -algebras.

In this survey, I will try to explain what the terms above mean, and what is the significance of the UCT problem for structure and classification of C^* -algebras. The talk will not be about any of my own results, will not contain any proofs, and will not assume prior knowledge of C^* -algebras or KK-theory.

(updated 8 May 2017)