

תורת המשחקים

משחקים

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$0 < p < 1$

$0 = \sum_{k=0}^m \varphi(k) \binom{m}{k} p^k (1-p)^{m-k}$

$t = \frac{p}{1-p}$

$0 < t < +\infty$

$\sum_{k=0}^m \varphi(k) \binom{m}{k} t^k = 0$

נסתע B(m, p)

$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \varphi(x) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx = 0$

תנאי ה' $\varphi(x)$ פונקציה זוגית

נסתע $N(0, \sigma)$

$0 < \sigma < \infty \int_0^{\sigma} \varphi(x) \frac{1}{\sigma} dx = 0$

$\varphi(\sigma) = \frac{d}{d\sigma} \left(\int_0^{\sigma} \varphi(x) dx \right) = 0$

נסתע $U(a, \sigma)$ $\varphi=0$

$a < \infty \int_{-a}^a \varphi(x) \frac{1}{2a} dx = 0$

נסתע $U(-a, a)$ תנאי ה' φ זוגית

$f(x, \mu) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 2\mu x + \mu^2)}$

נסתע $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ $K(x) = x$

$\tau_1 = \mu$ נוסף $T_1 = \frac{U}{n} = \bar{X}$, $E U = n \mu$

$E e^{-\bar{X}} = m_{\bar{X}}(-1) = e^{-\mu + \frac{1}{2n}}$ $\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \frac{1}{n})$

$\tau_2 = e^{-\mu}$ נוסף $T_2 = e^{-\frac{1}{2n}} e^{-\bar{X}}$

$$f(x, \sigma) = e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} x^2 - \ln(\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma)} \quad \cdot (b) \quad \cdot (2)$$

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \quad K(x) = x^2$$

$$E U = n \sigma^2, \quad E \frac{U}{\sigma^2} = \frac{n/2}{1/2} = n, \quad \frac{U}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi_n^2 = \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\sigma^2 \text{ גודל } N'' \text{ } T_1, \quad E T_1 = \sigma^2 \quad T_1 = \frac{U}{n} = \frac{\sum X_i^2}{n}$$

$$E \sqrt{\frac{U}{\sigma^2}} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^{n/2}}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} \int_0^\infty \sqrt{u} u^{\frac{n}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{u}{2}} du =$$

$$= \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^{n/2}}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})}{(\frac{1}{2})^{\frac{n+1}{2}}} = \frac{\Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$E \sqrt{U} = \sigma \frac{\Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2}) \sqrt{2}}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}, \quad T_2 = \frac{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}{\sqrt{2} \Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2}$$

גודל N''

$$T_2 \approx \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2} \iff \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{n} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}{\sqrt{2} \Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})} = 1 \quad \text{גודל } N''$$

$$f(x, p) = e^{x \ln p + (1-x) \ln(1-p)} \quad \cdot (c)$$

$$= e^{x \ln \frac{p}{1-p} + \ln(1-p)} \quad x=0,1$$

$$K(x) = x$$

$$\sigma^2 = p \text{ גודל } N'' \text{ } T_1 = \bar{X} \quad U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim B(n, p)$$

$$E(\bar{X}(1-\bar{X})) = \frac{1}{n} E U - \frac{1}{n^2} E U^2 =$$

$$= p - \frac{1}{n^2} (V U + (E U)^2) =$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} E U = np \\ V U = np(1-p) \end{array} \right.$$

$$E(\bar{X}(1-\bar{X})) = p - \frac{1}{n^2} (np(1-p) + n^2 p^2) = \frac{n-1}{n} p(1-p)$$

$p(1-p)$ γ δ σ N'' τ $T_2 = \frac{n}{n-1} \bar{X}(1-\bar{X}) = \frac{U(n-U)}{n(n-1)}$

$$E(T_1 - T_2) = p - p(1-p) = p^2, \quad T_3 = T_1 - T_2$$

$$T_3 = \frac{U}{n} - \frac{U(n-U)}{n(n-1)} = \frac{U(U-1)}{n(n-1)} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} p^2 \text{ } \gamma \text{ } \delta \text{ } \sigma \text{ } N'' \text{ } \tau \text{ } T_3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$f(x, p) = e^{x \ln p + (n-x) \ln(1-p) - \ln \binom{n}{x}}, \quad x=1, 2, 3, \dots, \quad 0 < p < 1 \quad \underline{\underline{(d)}}$$

$\frac{1}{p}$ γ δ σ N'' τ $T = \bar{X} = \frac{U}{n}$ $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ $K(x) = x$

$$f(x, \lambda) = e^{x \ln \lambda - \ln x! - \lambda}, \quad x=0, 1, 2, \dots, \quad 0 < \lambda < +\infty \quad \underline{\underline{(e)}}$$

λ γ δ σ N'' τ $\bar{X} = \frac{U}{n}$ $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ $K(x) = x$

$$f(x, p) = e^{\ln \binom{m}{x} + x \ln p + (m-x) \ln(1-p)} \quad \underline{\underline{(f)}}$$

$$= e^{x \ln \frac{p}{1-p} + \ln \binom{m}{x} + m \ln(1-p)}$$

p γ δ σ ρ δ σ ρ δ σ N $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ $K(x) = x$

$$U \sim B(mn, p), \quad EU = mn p$$

p γ δ σ N'' τ $\exists NIK$ $T = \frac{U}{mn} = \frac{1}{m} \bar{X}$

p γ δ σ ρ δ σ ρ δ σ N $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ $\underline{\underline{(g)}}$

$$U \sim NB(mn, p), \quad EU = \frac{mn}{p}$$

$\frac{1}{p}$ γ δ σ N'' τ $\exists NIK$ $T = \frac{U}{mn} = \frac{1}{m} \bar{X}$

$$U \sim \Gamma(n\alpha, \lambda)$$

$$f_U(u, \lambda) = \frac{\lambda^{n\alpha}}{\Gamma(n\alpha)} u^{n\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda u} \cdot I_{[0, +\infty)}(u)$$

$$E U^{-k} = \frac{\lambda^{n\alpha}}{\Gamma(n\alpha)} \int_0^{\infty} u^{n\alpha-1-k} e^{-\lambda u} du = \frac{\lambda^{n\alpha}}{\Gamma(n\alpha)} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(n\alpha-k)}{\lambda^{n\alpha-k}} = \frac{\Gamma(n\alpha-k)}{\Gamma(n\alpha)} \lambda^k, \quad k < n\alpha$$

λ^k גורם מ"א זניח $T = \frac{\Gamma(n\alpha)}{\Gamma(n\alpha-k)} \cdot \frac{1}{U^k}$
(UMVUE)

$\Gamma(1, \lambda) = \text{Exp } \lambda, d=1$ דנזיס

λ גורם מ"א $T = \frac{n-1}{\sum X_i}$ $k=1$

$\frac{1}{\lambda}$ גורם מ"א $T = \frac{U}{n} = \bar{X}$ $k=-1$

גורם זניח $\frac{1}{\lambda}$ גורם זניח $\rho = \bar{X}$

$$f(x, a) = a x^{a-1} I_{[0,1]}(x) = e^{(a-1)\ln x + \ln a} \quad (j)$$

a גורם זניח ρ זניח $U = -\sum_{i=1}^n \ln X_i$ $K(x) = -\ln x$

$U \sim \Gamma(n, a)$, $-\ln X_i \sim \text{Exp}(a)$

$$E U^{-k} = \frac{\Gamma(n-k)}{\Gamma(n)} a^k, \quad k < n$$

$k < n$ a^k גורם מ"א $T = \frac{\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(n-k)} \cdot \frac{1}{U^k}$

a גורם זניח מ"א $T = -\frac{n-1}{\sum \ln X_i}$ דנזיס

$\frac{1}{a}$ גורם זניח מ"א $T = -\frac{1}{n} \sum \ln X_i$
(גורם זניח זניח)

$$f(x, \theta) = \frac{a x^{a-1}}{b^a} I_{[0, b]}(x) \quad (1) \quad (2)$$

$$L = \left(\frac{a}{b^a}\right)^n \left(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i\right)^{a-1} I_{[0, b]}(\tilde{x}), \quad \tilde{x} = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i$$

$$h(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i\right)^{a-1}, \quad g(\tilde{x}, \theta) = \left(\frac{a}{b^a}\right)^n I_{[0, b]}(\tilde{x})$$

. b 7128 p'00N $U = \tilde{X} = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_i$

$$F_{\tilde{X}}(u) = \left(\frac{u^a}{b^a}\right)^n I_{[0, b]}(u), \quad 0 \leq u \leq b$$

$$F_{\tilde{X}}(u) = 0, \quad u < 0, \quad F_{\tilde{X}}(u) = 1, \quad u > b$$

$$f_{\tilde{X}}(u, \theta) = \frac{an}{b^{an}} u^{an-1} I_{[0, b]}(u)$$

$$\int_0^b \psi(u) \frac{an}{b^{an}} u^{an-1} du = 0 \Rightarrow \psi = 0$$

. b 7128 p'00N $U = \tilde{X}$

$$E \tilde{X}^k = \frac{an}{b^{an}} \int_0^b u^k u^{an-1} du =$$

$$= \frac{an}{b^{an}} \cdot \frac{b^{an+k}}{an+k} = \frac{an}{an+k} b^k$$

$$\tau = b^k \quad \text{7128 } N''\lambda \exists NIK \quad T = \frac{an+k}{an} \tilde{X}^k$$

$k > -an$

$$f_X(x, \theta) = \frac{2x}{b^2} I_{[0, b]}(x), \quad a=2 \quad \text{DK } \underline{pNz13\delta}$$

b 7128 $N''\lambda$

$$T = \frac{2n+1}{2n} \tilde{X} \quad k=1$$

1/b 7128 $N''\lambda$

$$T = \frac{2n-1}{2n} \frac{1}{\tilde{X}} \quad k=-1$$